

Higher Education Subcommittee Higher Education Overview

January 25, 2021

Prepared by House Appropriations Committee Staff

Higher Education Funding

- Educational & General Programs
 - Supported by the General Fund and Nongeneral Funds (primarily tuition and fees)
- Auxiliary Enterprise
 - Self-supporting
 - Revenues derived from sales and student fees
 - Includes bookstores, dorms, dining, student unions, athletics, parking, telecommunications, recreation
- Sponsored Programs
 - Primarily the research activities
 - Revenues derived from federal, state, and private grants and contracts



Educational and General Programs

- Instruction
 - Single largest component of E & G
 - Undergraduate, graduate and first professional instruction
 - Community education: Non-credit training programs for computer software skills, foreign language skills
 - Family practice: Community-based residency programs for graduate medical students in generalist medicine
- Research
 - State-supported research centers
 - Department-sponsored programmatic research or curriculum development
 - Does not include sponsored research
- Public Service
 - Outreach programs for area K-12 school children
 - Public lecture series

Educational and General Programs

- Support Programs
 - Academic Support
 - Libraries
 - Academic administration
 - Academic computing
 - Student Services
 - Admissions offices and registrars
 - Guidance and counseling
 - Financial aid administration

Educational and General Programs

- Support Programs
 - Institutional Support
 - Executive management of the institution
 - Fiscal, legal, and personnel operations
 - Campus police
 - Operation and Maintenance of Plant
 - Building and grounds maintenance
 - Utilities
 - Custodial

Tuition and Fees at Public Colleges & Universities

- Tuition & Mandatory Educational & General (E & G) Program Fees
 - Used to fund the instructional aspect of an institution
 - Majority of state general fund subsidy to institutions is applied to the E & G programs
- Mandatory Non-E & G Fees ("Comp" Fee)
 - Support auxiliary enterprise programs (athletics, recreation, student life)
 - Has never been subsidized by state general fund
 - In-state and out-of-state students at a given school pay the same comprehensive fee

User Fees

Room & Board

VIRGINIA HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE Chairman Luke E. Torian

Out-of-State Students Generate Significant NGF Resources (Undergrad & Grad)

	Student FTE		NGF Revenues	
Institution	% In-State	% Out-of-State	% In-State	% Out-of-State
VCCS	96.4%	3.6%	91.8%	8.2%
RBC	94.9%	5.1%	90.4%	9.6%
CNU	93.1%	6.9%	85.7%	14.3%
LU	93.0%	7.0%	84.5%	15.5%
UVAW	92.6%	7.4%	86.8%	13.2%
RU	92.2%	7.8%	83.6%	16.4%
UMW	91.5%	8.5%	77.9%	22.1%
ODU	88.4%	11.6%	78.8%	21.2%
VCU	86.9%	13.1%	77.7%	22.3%
GMU	79.3%	20.7%	61.8%	38.2%
NSU	76.6%	23.4%	55.7%	44.3%
JMU	75.0%	25.0%	49.1%	50.9%
VSU	72.2%	27.8%	50.5%	49.5%
VT	64.9%	35.1%	47.6%	52.4%
CWM	61.7%	38.3%	44.2%	55.8%
VMI	61.2%	38.8%	29.9%	70.1%
UVA	57.8%	42.2%	38.3%	61.7%



Enrollment is Shifting at 4-Year Institutions

Undergraduate Students

- Early Enrollment estimates indicate in-state undergraduate enrollment is relatively flat at four-year institutions
 - However, the percentage of out-of-state undergraduate students is decreasing by almost three percent which would impact NGF revenues
- Another significant trend is decrease in first time in college new students
 - Overall, the early enrollment estimates show a decrease of almost six percent for instate undergraduate students
 - Out-of-state numbers are dropping nearly 16 percent
- The impact of varies by institution

Graduate Students

- Slight uptick in in-state graduates
- Out-of-state graduates down slightly but first time in college is down almost 25 percent
- Impact varies by institution as well

Enrollment at 2-Year Institutions is Decreasing

- Early Enrollment estimates indicate overall in-state enrollment is dropping about five percent
 - Richard Bland estimates a nearly nine percent drop in in-state students
- As with 4-years, there is significant decrease in first time in college new students
 - Overall, the early enrollment estimates show a decrease of almost ten percent at the VCCS and over 25 percent at RBC



Preliminary Estimated NGF Revenue Impacts

- When compared to FY 20, in-state undergraduate revenues are down over \$50 million
 - A few institutions are able to make up some revenue losses with increased revenue from out-of-state undergraduate students, but overall out-of-state undergraduate revenue is down about \$10 million
- Auxiliary revenues have experienced an even larger impact
 - "Comp" fee revenues almost \$40 million less in FY 21 compared to FY 20
 - Dorms occupancy is down across the system
 - Other auxiliary revenues from ticket sales, bookstores, royalties etc are also down
 - In total, auxiliary revenues are estimated to be down over \$400 million

Federal Stimulus Will Provide Some Temporary Relief

- Actual distributions of the second round of CARES funding is not yet available
- It is estimated that \$488 million in the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) will be available
 - That is for all Virginia institutions Publics, Privates, and For-Profits
 - Amounts to be distributed directly to the institutions and at perhaps half of the allocation is to then be distributed to students
- These funds are one-time

HAC Higher Education Options

- HB 1800 as introduced did not provide operating support except for GMU & ODU
- Financial aid funds are important to provide an affordable pathway for some students
- Continuation of the \$60 million provided in FY 21 by the General Assembly through the next year of the biennium
- Other institution-specific affordability measures are also options to consider in addition to the continuation funding
 - JMU Enrollment Support
 - Radford Carilion Merger